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FRENTE REVOLUCIONARIA DE TIMOR-LESTE INDEPENDENTE

(REVOLUTIONARY FRONT FOR AN INDEPENDENT EAST TIMOR)

FRETILIN

COMMUNIQUE FROM EAST TIMOR, Received in DARWIN via RADIO 6/10/85

Re VISIT TO EAST TIMOR by BILL MORRISON

1. We thank the Australian Coalition for East Timor for the information about Mr Bill Morrison's visit to East Timor.

Because we already know the moral and political ideology of this Labor ambassador, we would like to affirm to all who are interested that we already know beforehand the declarations that this gentleman will make on his return to Jakarta.

2. The preparations that the Indonesian "Bupati" (administrator) is making is to provide a better impression than that taken by Mr Bill Morrison in 1983.

In the northern zone, military dispersal is in the following ways:

(a) On the eastern side of the Moru-Lospalos road is Nari - 1 company, and Tranoko - 1 other company situated 2 or 3 km from the road.

(b) South of the Lospalos - Tutuala road is Lepe 2 km from the road, Nanapoe 1 km from the road, with a company of 2 platoons, Muapitine 2 km from Lospalos, and Opuro and Ililapa, both south of Lospalos, which have a company at each location.

(c) In the north of the same road there is a position near Tumoa.

(d) All the concentration camps from Tutuala to Lospalos and from Lospalos to Moru, as well as the camps that form the old western circle - Rome, Ledro, Sepi, Sepiara, Akadei, Iraara, Levelor, and Kartini - Satu e Dua, etc... they are secured by forces that vary from 1 platoon to a company. Note that in all these positions, including those in the villages and camps of Lospalos, are attached effectives of the Battalions 412, 502, 427 and 443, which disembarked on the wharf of Moru with 18 tanks and armed personnel carriers in May this year.

(e) To the south of the road from Moru to Tutumoru there are positions of the Battalion 411. In the locations of Fika, 7 km from Moru, and Buikomau near the creek of Raumoko, is an army company in each position. In Laleno there is another company, and 2 other mobile companies are to the north - west of Lospalos, moving between Rome, Fika and Raumoko creek.

In the middle of September, 2 forces of enemy soldiers of Battalion 700 from Seristai, that were operating in the areas between the Namalotulu creek and Iliomar, also went to the top of Kakave - Suro, 15 km west of Lospalos, to assure the security of Lospalos and to support the positions of Laleno.

(f) Tuluporo is secured by an army company, and Laiwai by 2 platoons. In spite of these positions along the road Laiwai - Laga, in each of the camps there are companies each consisting of 2 platoons. Since the end of August, to the south of the mountain range of Legoman were clean - up operations carried out by 4 army companies that came from Baguia and Watu - Carbau.

At the end of September they went to the east of Kuar, (north of Legunan in the

one by Baiapa east of Leguman and establishing in Waniria; another by Oerulari, crossing the mountain range and establishing in Ataname; and the other climbed up Madoro - Salari, Damoro, Kaelari and Essere, coming down by Wakalar to establish themselves in a position between Ataname and the Laga - Baguia road in the locality of Atenabi. In the meantime the army company in Labalau stayed there. One other force came from Luro to establish in Daudere.

(g) To the north of Bivake between a square with Venilale, Bacau and Quelicai, there are forces of the Battalions 643 and 724 in the locality of Daralata. Two companies Osso-Gori Wai-Dobo, Dubere-Besa, Osso-Mu, Watu-Wa, Sokuesi-Kai, and Bua, at the level of 2 platoons per company, are in positions from where clean-up operations take place within the square. We are not including the battalion that is securing the town of Bacau and its concentration camps of Gari-Mai, Wailili, Buibau, Samalari, Seixal (to the east of the town), and Kaibada, Kaisidu, Bucoli, Lekiloi-Watu, Waisirimou-Waisimu (near the airport), Ostiku and Loilubu.

(h) In the central military region some positions that they normally have along the road include Birak, Waikanasa, Watubel and Ossoala, with a strength of 1 company each. In Waile, one fixed position 20 km south of Vemassi was reinforced by a company. Kairoi, 5 km south of Laleia by the creek of the same name, was similarly reinforced by 2 companies. Mossoco, a position between Waile and Kairui, consists of 1 company, while 2 companies move between the areas of Kairui, Manatuto, Kribas and Laclo. Not to mention the positions established in the concentration camps around Vikeke, which is strongly secured by a ring of positions occupied by Battalions 516, 406 and 612 placed at the following high points: on the top of Mt Baturo, east of the road Be-Aco-Vikeke, 5 km from the township; on the top of Mt Olobai there is a heavy armour unit with 5 armed personnel carriers and 2 mortars 80 mm; on the top of Mt Lamuwan 5 km from the township; Tasimauk, close to the T.V. station; Ulukleorua, Lamaklarau, Teodate, in front of the camps of Campase and Halimean - Dikin; all to the east of the village a distance of 500-700 m, forming a western half - moon of security. On the west side of the township of Viqueque the positions are assured by forces varying between a platoon and a company.

(i) In areas of Same the following positions are occupied by forces coming from Betano, Same, and Maubisse from the middle of September. In Alas there is 2 companies; Karaoulun next to Kablaki; Rotutu, 2 km from the road with forces between 1 and 2 companies.

(j) In the area between Ainaro, Zumalai and Bobonaro, were set the following positions: Mape, Boogua, Ista, Mamalau, Uscai, Uscai - Lau, Lakulau, Laku - Lao and Karaohaon, each with a strength of one company each.

In regard to removing the guerillas from the villages and camps by these forces, if an army company directed strong cleaning up in all the areas close to the villages...

the transmission was jammed for a few minutes...

continues overpage with details of Morrison's expected visit

...On arrival in Dili Morrison will meet the puppet "Cubernur", fatter than he was in 1983.

Morrison will visit the Comarca Prison, where the prisoners may even be absent! Possibly Cancio da Sousa Gama will be presented to him so that he can receive another of Morrison's cards, like last time. We hope, however, that it will be to free him, because last time they met he caused him to go to prison and inhuman tortures.

In the afternoon he'll go to Atauro prison island, where he'll see people in exile, but on the contrary, see many Indonesian flags "Meraputi" in schools, hospitals etc.

On the following day he'll be going on a trip by car to Liquica and Maubara or Ermera, where the population will applaud to the best of "Tim-Tim", and will sit with school children singing Indonesian "Merdeka".

He will visit Maliana by helicopter where he will be "surprised" by the rapid development of agriculture. This area is populated by transmigration Indonesians, but he won't see this. Instead he will meet displaced Timorese who will tell him that they are "happy" there.

He will fly by helicopter to the centr region of the country, and he'll probably stop for a few minutes in Venilale, Vikeke, Lospalos, and Bacau, because despite the tight security it is dangerous to travel by car from Venilale to Manatuto. He will vivit some schools where he will pose for photos with school children who will be singing Indonesian "Merdeka". Only from Manatuto he will travel by car to Dili.

He will "understand" that all the development he is seeing being done in Tim-Tim is a result of the effort and work of 10,000 Indonesian soldiers, who at this moment are helping extensively the indigenous population, since of course there is no military operation!

Australia must be "realist" and acknowledge "de jure" the real Indonesian sovereignty over the Territory, and Australia must support Jakarta with more millions of dollars to finish a group of "terrorists".

When in early September Mgr Belo came to Venilale, Indonesian soldiers who were in the village were sent to hide with 2 tents on top of Mt Kaikoli until the Monsignor's return to Bacau.

It is not surprising that when Mr Bill Morrison returns to Jakarta he will be convinced that the peace has been restored under Indonesian sovereignty as "Indonesian citizens".

The declarations of Mr Morrison will remind us of a passage of a report of a report by a recent propagandist who said:
I went through all of East Timor and saw absolutely nothing; no Malaria, no repression, no human rights violations, no "Surat Jalan" (pass), no tortures, no prisons, no chasing nor threatening either by the Inonesian side or by the Timorese population. I spoke to the Indonesian military commander and didn't see war. I spoke to the Governor and didn't see Fretilin. I went by helicopter and car, in Dili and in other parts where I've been. Even in the bedroom where I stayed I didn't see a sign of starvation, or any sign of that horrible Fretilin propaganda...!

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Thinking that Mr Bill Morrison would affirm to the contrary is a great illusion - as it is unbelievable that he came to shake the interests of Australia - Indonesia! because even in 1983 Mr Morrison was an appropriate instrument for Jakarta's propaganda, and the fundamental mirror for Mr Hawke's recent declarations.

This visit of this Australian ambassador has a logical relationship with the recent declarations of his Prime Minister Mr Bob Hawke. In this sense Mr Bill Morrison will close his declarations with the key to the oil of the "Timor Gap". And he will say that the Indonesians showed extreme hospitality, they provided excellent interpreters of the aspirations of the East Timorese people. " ow we can be sure that in fact the people of East Timor want integration. This was also assured to me by the governor, the "mature gentleman" Mr Mario Carrascalo, he will say.

We only lament that in all of this, universal principles and values such as the right of peoples to self - determination, have been subverted by the politics of complicity by some democratic governments.

Nevertheless, we invite Mr Bill Morrison to a direct conversation via Radio and with the participation of Mgr. Belo.

Our Homeland or Death
To Resist is to Win
The Struggle Continues on All Fronts

Kay Rala Xanana Gusmao,

President of the Revolutionary Council of National Resistance
and Commander - in - Chief of Fretilin Armed Forces

East Timor 6/10/85

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